Paper 1 Inorganic Chemistry	CO1 : Classify acids and bases as hard and soft. Determine acid-base strength and emphasize theoretical basis of hardness and softness of acid, base. CO2: Describe Metal-ligand bonding in transition metal complexes. Illustrate crystal- field splitting in octahedral, tetrahedral, square planar complexes, and factors affecting the crystal-field parameters. Differentiate magnetic behavior of transition metal complexes. determine magnetic moment data for 3d metal complexes. CO3: Identity electronic spectra of transition metal complexes, distinguish various types of electronic transitions, predict spectroscopic ground states, Draw electronic spectrum of $[Ti(H_2O)_61^{3+}$ complex, determine thermodynamic stability of metal complexes and factors affecting the stability, substitution reactions of square planar complexes.
	<ul> <li>CO4: classify organometallic compounds.</li> <li>Illustrate properties and bonding in organometallic compounds. applications of alkyls and aryls of Li, Al, Hg, Sn and Ti, nature of bonding in metal carbonyls.</li> <li>CO5: Identify essential and trace elements to biological processes. Describe structure and properties of metalloporphyrins like haemoglobin and myoglobin.Emphasize biological role of alkali and alkaline earth metal ions.inorganic polymers: Silicones and phosphazenes.</li> </ul>
Paper 2: Organic Chemistry	CO1: Describe basic concepts of 1H -NMR spectroscopy, illustrate nuclear shielding, deshielding, chemical shift and spin-spin splitting . determine coupling constants, Interpret NMR spectra of simple organic molecules , solve problems pertaining to the structure elucidation of simple organic compounds using spectroscopic data. Interpret acidity of alpha hydrogens in

	reactive methylene compounds, exhibit alkylation
	of diethyl malonate and ethyl acetoacetate.
	Synthetically apply ethyl acetoacetate and
	malonic ester.
	CO2:Draw molecular orbital diagram and
	determine aromatic characteristics of pyrrole,
	furan, thiophene and pyridine. Illustrate
	mechanism of nucleophilic substitution reactions
	in pyridine derivatives. Compare basicity of
	pyridine, piperidine and pyrrole. Describe
	preparation and reactions of indole, quinoline
	and isoquinoline . Illustrate mechanism of
	electrophilic substitution reactions of indole,
	quinoline and isoquinoline.
	CO3: Classify and name monosaccharides,
	Determine mechanism of osazone formation,
	Differentiate epimers and anomers. Interconvert
	glucose and fructose, exgibit chain lengthening
	and chain shortening of aldoses Differentiate
	erythro and threo diastereomers.
	CO 4: Classify amino acids. Determine acid-
	base behaviour of amino acids, Illustrate
	isoelectric point and electrophoresis. Classify
	proteins, determine peptide structure, analyze
	end-group in proteins. Analyze constituents of
	nucleic acids, nucleosides and nucleotides.
	CO 5: Illustrate structural features, methods of
	formation and chemical reactions of thiols,
	sulphonic acids, sulphonamides and Sulpha
	drugs. Identify synthetic polymers .Determine
	mechanism of Addition or chain-growth
	polymerization, free radical and ionic
	polymerizatio,t Condensation or step-growth
	polymerization. Illustrate applications of
	Polyesters, polyamides phenol-formaldehyde
	resins, Classify dyes. Chemistry and synthesis
	of methyl orange, congo red, malachite green,
	crystal violet, phenolphthalein, alizarin and
	indigo.
Paper 3: Physical Chemistry	CO1: Illustrate black-body radiation, Planck's
	radiation law, Compton effeét and
	photoelectric effect, Calculate heat capacity of
	solids, illustrate Bohr's model of hydrogen atom
	and its defects. Generalize De Broglie
	hypothesis, and Heisenberg's uncertainty
	principle, enumerate Sinusoidal wave equation.
	Derive Schrodinger wave equation. physical
	interpretation of the wave function, exhibit
	postulates of quantum mechanics, particle in a
	one dimensional box. Enumerate Schrodinger
	wave equation for H-atom and separate into
	three equations

CO2: Interpret criteria for forming M.O. from A.O. construct M.O's by LCAO-H2 ion. calculate energy level from wave ftmctions, calculate coefficients of A.O.'s used in sp,sp2,sp3 hybrid orbitals. Exhibit valence bond model of H2, compare M.O. and V.B. models

CO3: Analyse Electromagnetic radiation and spectrum, illustrate basic features of different spectrometers, state the Born-Openheimer approximation, calculate and differentiate degrees of freedom. Predict Rotational Spectrum of diatomic molecules, calculate spectral intensity. determine bond length, qualitatively describe non-rigid rotator. selection rules for pure vibrational spectrum, determine force constant and establish qualitative relation of force constant and bond energies, vibrational frequencies of different functional groups. Describe polarizability. predict pure rotational and pure vibrational Raman Spectra of diatomic molecules, Draw Potential Energy curves for bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals in electronic spectrum. qualitatively describe selection rules and Frank Condon principle.

CO4 : Differentiate between thermal and photochemical processes. illustrate Grothuslaw, Drappcr Stark -Einstein law.draw Jablonski diagram depicting various processes occurring in the exited sate.qualitatively describe fluorescence, phosphorescence. Interpret optical activity and polymerization. measure dipole moment by temperature method refractivity and method. Differentiate paramagnetism, diamagnetism and ferromagnetic.

CO5: Illustrate the concept of Ideal and nonideal solutions, express concentrations of solutions, Derive Raoult's law, determine relative lowering of vapor pressure, determine molecular weight from osmotic pressure. Calculate Elevation of boiling point, depression in freezing point. Calculate degree of dissociation and association of molecules.

(Annual Scheme)

Paper I	CO1: Human Resource Management	
Functional	CO2: Job Analysis, Job Enlargement and Job Enrichment	
Management	CO3: Marketing-Meaning, Evolution, Modern Importance,	
	CO4: Concept, scope and Development, Marketing Pricing	
	Policies and Finance Functions	
	CO5: Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Production	
	Management	
Paper II	CO1: Advertising concepts	
Advertising and	CO2: Advertising Message	
Sales Management	CO3: Budget, Advertising campaign Planning	
	CO4: Role of selling in a Planned Economy	
	CO5: Qualities of Customer salesman; Planned Selling Approach, Role and Functions	
	of Human Resource Management, organisation of Human Resources Department,	
	Human Resource Planning	

#### **B.Com Part III**

#### **Course Outcomes of Accountancy and Business Statistics**

On studying this course the student will be able to have a clear understanding of:

		-
Paper I		CO1: Auditing: Meaning, Objects, Fraud and Errors, Relationship in between
Auditing	and	Book-Keeping ,Accounting and Auditing
Management		CO2: Vouching, Verification and Valuation of Assets and Liabilities
Accounting		CO3: Company Auditor: Audit and Auditors
		CO4: Management Accounting
		CO5: Financial Statement Analysis
Paper II		CO1: Management Accounting
Management		CO2: Investment Accounts, Royalty Accounts
Accounting:		CO3: Valuation of Goodwill, Valuation of Shares
		CO4: Internal Reconstruction and Amalgamation of Companies
		CO5: Liquidation of Companies

#### B.Com Part III Course Outcomes of EAFM

On studying this course the student will be able to have a clear understanding of:

Paper I	CO1: Rural Development Administration	
Rural Development	CO2: Panchayati Raj Act and Rajasthan Panchayati Raj Act	
and Cooperation	CO3: Rural Development Programs	
	CO4: Programs related to Tribal Welfare	
	CO5: Concept of Cooperation	
Paper II	CO1: Business Budgets and Budgeting	
<b>Business Budgeting</b>	CO2: Business Forecasting	
	CO3: Cash Budgeting	
	CO4: Product and Production Decision	
	CO5: Project Planning and Feasibility Study	

#### Course Outcomes: M.A. (F) Economics (Annual Scheme)

Paper 1	CO1: Nature and Scope of Public Finance, Role of government in the
PUBLIC FINANCE	economic active Allocation, Distribution and Stabilization functions.
	Private, Public and Optimal Budgeting, Principle of Maximum Social
	Advantage, Public Expenditure, Wagner's Law, Theory of Social
	Goods, Effects of Public Expenditure on Production and Distribution.
	Public Revenue
	CO2: Shifting and Incidence of taxes under Monopoly and perfect

	competition, Effects of commodity taxation on production, Effects of
	direct taxation on Production Progressiveness of a tax system and its
	measurement, Theory of Public Debt, Fiscal Policy, Main trend in the
	revenue of the Central and St Gevement in India
Paper 2	CO1: The Law of Comparative Advantage, Classical Theory of
INTERNATIONAL	Comparative Advantage, Views of Adam smith, Mill. Haberler and
ECONOMICS	Ricardo, The standard theory of trade, General Equilibrium of trade,
2001(01)1102	Factor Endowments and Heckscher-Chin Theory Factor Price
	Equalization, Stolper Samuelom theorem, Ryberynski Theorem,
	Empirical Tests of Ricando and Heckscher Ohlin Theories
	Complementy de theories Economic Growth and International Trade:
	Growth of factors of production, Technical progress
	CO2: Free Trade versiun Protection Tarift (Partiel equilibrium effects,
	Oprimum Tari), Ocher Trade Reunctions (Queca, Quata versa ariff,
	Noo-tariff harriers and the new protectionism). The Political Economy
	of Pretectionism and Strategic Trade Policy. Economie- Integratico-
	Theory of Cum Union, Regional Trading Block Trade and Beonemle
	Developmens Terms of Trade, Export Imstability and economic
	development, Import Sebution verme Export Promotion, Currade
	problems of developing entries, Role of the World P/WTO,
	International Resource Movement and Maltitional Corporations
	Labour and Capital Movements end their effects, Brain Drain and role
	of MNC
	CO3: Foreign Exchange Market: Functions, Foreign Exchange risks,
	Hedging Speculation Arbitragn, future and Options, Exchange Rate
	and Exchange determination theories Spor and Forward Ping Power
	Parity Theory, Monetary approach and Portfolio approaches of
	exchange rate determination, Euro Currency Market Balance of
	payment Accounting, Causes of dinequilibrium and remedies,
	Deviliation and Marshall-Lemer condition, Elasticity and Abeneption
	approaches Fixed and Flexible Exchange Rates Case for and against
	fleed/flexible m rates, Adjustment under gold standard, Price specie
	flow Mechanics
Paper 3	CO1: Meaning and Memummarts of economic development and
DEVELOPMENT	human development structural fees and process of change empirical
ECONOMICS	studies of Kumes, Denison & Chenery; Ingredients of development-
	Land, Physical capital, Labour and Human Capital, Technological
	Change Scale, Organization, Growth Models- Ricardo, Marx
	(Classical), Harrod - Domar, Solow (Neo- Classical), Lewis Model
	and the Renis - Fei Extension.
	CO2: Development Planning: Balanced and Unbalanced strategies,
	Choice of techniques, Capital Output ratio, Investment criteria; NPV,
	IRR, Social Cost Benefit Analysis Accounting Prices, Applications of
	Input-Output Analysis in Planning, Pr Programming approach of
	Planning.
	CO3: Financing of economic development; Domestic and external
	resources, International trade and development Two-gap models, Plan
	Models of India. Past Performance and current issues of Indian
	Planning.
Paper 4	CO1: Natural Resource in India- land, Water, Forest and Minerals,
Advanced Indian	Composition, Quality and Growth Trends. Characteristics of I
Economy	through Recent Census, Population Policy and Economic Effec
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	Pressure, Poverty, Unemployment and Human Development dur
	Appraisal of Government Measures, India's Human Development
	Perspective, Agricultural Development in India: Instine Aspects- land
	Revolution, Technological Aspects- Agricultural input and Shin
	Function, Agricultural Cost and Price Policy, Agricultural Marketing
	Policy and Security, Subsidy and Public Distribution System, Cap
	Indian Agriculture, Problems in Agriculture- A Need for Second Gre
	CO2: Industry - Strategy of Industrial Development and Industrial
	Polic Scale and Cottage Industries, Reservation Poiley Relating to
	Smal Sources of Industrial Finance - Banks, Share Market, Insurance
	C funds, Non-Banking Sources and FDI, Role of Foreign Capital for
	and Portfolio Investment, Public Sector Reforms, Privatization and I
	Foreign Trade: Salient Features, Trends, Composition, Direction
	Trade Reforms, liberalization and Recent Changes in Trade Policy
	Impact on Indian Economy, WTO - Issues and its Impact on Indian
	Balance of Payment Position in Recent Years.
	CO3: Economic planning: Goals, Achievements and Shortcomings of
	Pla Planning and the market. Subsidy Policy and Problems, Nation
	Income - Growth pattern and trends, Aggregate and Sectoral Comp
	there in, Regional Distribution, Income Inequalities in India, New
	Economic Policy - LPG and Second Phase of Economic Refe
	Development in India - Physical Infrastructure (Power. Transpor and
	Imigation) and Social Infrastructure (health and education), SE as Part
	of Financial Inclusion, New Trends: Mudra Banking, Cashless Society
Paper 5	CO1: Finance Function- Sources and Uses; International capital
INTERNATIONAL	movements - classification and role in developing nations. Foreign
FINANCE	Direct Investment, foreign Portfolio investment and financial
THURICE	instability. International Financial System and Globalization-
	development in Exchange, Eurocurrency Markets, Asian Dollar
	Markets and International Markets Principles of International
	Financial Management.
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	CO2: Foreign Exchange Market- Structure Kinds instruments of L
	CO2: Foreign Exchange Market- Structure, Kinds, instruments of payments exchange trading exchange risk arbitrage and speculation
	payments, exchange trading, exchange risk, arbitrage and speculation.
	payments, exchange trading, exchange risk, arbitrage and speculation. Foreign exchange rate- meaning, determination of equilibrium
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	payments, exchange trading, exchange risk, arbitrage and speculation. Foreign exchange rate- meaning, determination of equilibrium exchange rate, th of exchange rate and exchange rate systems. Balance of payments- meaning, components, disequilibrium of BOPs, its
	payments, exchange trading, exchange risk, arbitrage and speculation. Foreign exchange rate- meaning, determination of equilibrium exchange rate, th of exchange rate and exchange rate systems. Balance of payments- meaning, components, disequilibrium of BOPs, its cause, Remedial measures. Open Economy Macro Economics- BOPS
	payments, exchange trading, exchange risk, arbitrage and speculation. Foreign exchange rate- meaning, determination of equilibrium exchange rate, th of exchange rate and exchange rate systems. Balance of payments- meaning, components, disequilibrium of BOPs, its cause, Remedial measures. Open Economy Macro Economics- BOPS equilibrium and adjustment mechanism (automatic and policy).
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	payments, exchange trading, exchange risk, arbitrage and speculation. Foreign exchange rate- meaning, determination of equilibrium exchange rate, th of exchange rate and exchange rate systems. Balance of payments- meaning, components, disequilibrium of BOPs, its cause, Remedial measures. Open Economy Macro Economics- BOPS equilibrium and adjustment mechanism (automatic and policy). Trends in India's Balance of payments and growth of foreign exchange since the beginning of the 1990s CO3: Global Business Finance; Long term borrowing from World Bank, Development Bank and its overall impact on Indian economy Internat. Monetary System and alternative international monetary standards. IMF and prom of international liquidity. Optimum currency areas. Theory of international reserves. WTO and its impact on
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Paper 6	payments, exchange trading, exchange risk, arbitrage and speculation. Foreign exchange rate- meaning, determination of equilibrium exchange rate, th of exchange rate and exchange rate systems. Balance of payments- meaning, components, disequilibrium of BOPs, its cause, Remedial measures. Open Economy Macro Economics- BOPS equilibrium and adjustment mechanism (automatic and policy). Trends in India's Balance of payments and growth of foreign exchange since the beginning of the 1990s CO3: Global Business Finance; Long term borrowing from World Bank, Development Bank and its overall impact on Indian economy Internat. Monetary System and alternative international monetary standards. IMF and prom of international liquidity. Optimum currency areas. Theory of international reserves. WTO and its impact on different sectors of the economy. Regional Multilateralism and World Trading System.
Paper 6 LABOUR AND	<ul> <li>payments, exchange trading, exchange risk, arbitrage and speculation.</li> <li>Foreign exchange rate- meaning, determination of equilibrium exchange rate, th of exchange rate and exchange rate systems. Balance of payments- meaning, components, disequilibrium of BOPs, its cause, Remedial measures. Open Economy Macro Economics- BOPS equilibrium and adjustment mechanism (automatic and policy).</li> <li>Trends in India's Balance of payments and growth of foreign exchange since the beginning of the 1990s</li> <li>CO3: Global Business Finance; Long term borrowing from World Bank, Development Bank and its overall impact on Indian economy Internat. Monetary System and alternative international monetary standards. IMF and prom of international liquidity. Optimum currency areas. Theory of international reserves. WTO and its impact on different sectors of the economy. Regional Multilateralism and World Trading System.</li> <li>CO1: Labour Economic - Importance, Old and new theories,</li> </ul>
LABOUR AND	<ul> <li>payments, exchange trading, exchange risk, arbitrage and speculation.</li> <li>Foreign exchange rate- meaning, determination of equilibrium exchange rate, th of exchange rate and exchange rate systems. Balance of payments- meaning, components, disequilibrium of BOPs, its cause, Remedial measures. Open Economy Macro Economics- BOPS equilibrium and adjustment mechanism (automatic and policy).</li> <li>Trends in India's Balance of payments and growth of foreign exchange since the beginning of the 1990s</li> <li>CO3: Global Business Finance; Long term borrowing from World Bank, Development Bank and its overall impact on Indian economy Internat. Monetary System and alternative international monetary standards. IMF and prom of international liquidity. Optimum currency areas. Theory of international reserves. WTO and its impact on different sectors of the economy. Regional Multilateralism and World Trading System.</li> <li>CO1: Labour Economic - Importance, Old and new theories, Theoretical and institutional labour Economics; Theory of individual</li> </ul>
LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL	<ul> <li>payments, exchange trading, exchange risk, arbitrage and speculation.</li> <li>Foreign exchange rate- meaning, determination of equilibrium exchange rate, th of exchange rate and exchange rate systems. Balance of payments- meaning, components, disequilibrium of BOPs, its cause, Remedial measures. Open Economy Macro Economics- BOPS equilibrium and adjustment mechanism (automatic and policy).</li> <li>Trends in India's Balance of payments and growth of foreign exchange since the beginning of the 1990s</li> <li>CO3: Global Business Finance; Long term borrowing from World Bank, Development Bank and its overall impact on Indian economy Internat. Monetary System and alternative international monetary standards. IMF and prom of international liquidity. Optimum currency areas. Theory of international reserves. WTO and its impact on different sectors of the economy. Regional Multilateralism and World Trading System.</li> <li>COI: Labour Economic - Importance, Old and new theories, Theoretical and institutional labour Economics; Theory of individual labour supply and demand for labour; Wage determination Functions</li> </ul>
LABOUR AND	<ul> <li>payments, exchange trading, exchange risk, arbitrage and speculation.</li> <li>Foreign exchange rate- meaning, determination of equilibrium exchange rate, th of exchange rate and exchange rate systems. Balance of payments- meaning, components, disequilibrium of BOPs, its cause, Remedial measures. Open Economy Macro Economics- BOPS equilibrium and adjustment mechanism (automatic and policy).</li> <li>Trends in India's Balance of payments and growth of foreign exchange since the beginning of the 1990s</li> <li>CO3: Global Business Finance; Long term borrowing from World Bank, Development Bank and its overall impact on Indian economy Internat. Monetary System and alternative international monetary standards. IMF and prom of international liquidity. Optimum currency areas. Theory of international reserves. WTO and its impact on different sectors of the economy. Regional Multilateralism and World Trading System.</li> <li>CO1: Labour Economic - Importance, Old and new theories, Theoretical and institutional labour Economics; Theory of individual</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>labour markets, Rural labour market and rural- urban migration; TodaroHarris hypothesis; Investment in rural capital. Defination of working force and labour force; Concept of Unemployment and Under employment; Types of unemployment, Estimates of unemployment in India and Rajasthan. Employment in organized and industrial sectors in India-its size, growth and characteristics.</li> <li>CO2: Government and labour market, Labour legislation and social security, State reputation of wages; Minimum wages for industrial and Agricultural workers, Wage and income policy. Labour Unions - their role and functions; Labour unions and collective bargaining economic impact of unions. Trade Union movements in USA, Russia da India, Industrial relations- factors determining industrial relations; Collective bargaining in India.</li> <li>CO3: Industrial disputes and grievances, causes of unrest, Machinery for industrial peace; Conciliation, mediation and arbitration, Industrial disputes in India since 1980, Critical study of existing machinery of industrial relations in India. Workers participation in ownership and management-concepts and Indian experience, Industrial Labour Organization- functions and role, India and ILD. Industrial Labour and Industrial Relations in Rajasthan.</li> </ul>
Paper 7 ENVIRONMENTAL	CO1: Concept of Sustainable Development. The Environmental Costs of Development; Economic Growth and Environment; Environmental
ECONOMICS	<ul> <li>Kuznets Curve (EKC); The Nature of Environmental Goods; Market Failure and Public Policy; Theory of Extemalities and Public Goods.</li> <li>Renewable Resources: Optional Management of Resources, Non Renewable Resources Hotelling's rule. Resource Scarcity and Economic Growth, Population Growth, Technological Changes and Implications for Long Term Growth CO2: Environmental Values: Values, Non-Use Values and Option Values. Environmental Values: Values, Non-Use Values and Option Values. Environmental Valuation: Contingent Valuation Method, Travel Cost Method, Hedonic Pricing Method Valuing Environment as input in Production: Production Function, Cost Function. Conventional National Income Accounts and Environment: Concept of Green GDP.</li> <li>CO3: Environmental Policy Instruments, Property Rights and Transaction Costs, Quantitative Regulations, Price Instruments to Correct Externalities, Pollution Taxes and Abatement Subsidies, Transferable Permits/Pollution Markets, Innovative Approaches to Control Environment Pollution.</li> </ul>

## M.Sc. Chemistry Final year (Annual Scheme)

After completion of this course, the student will have an understanding of the following:

Course	Outcomes
Paper-1:	CO1: Ultraviolet and Visible Spectroscopy
Applications of Spectroscopy, Photochemistry	CO2: Mossbauer Spectroscopy
and Solid state Chemistry	CO3: NMR Spectroscopy
	CO4: Photochemical Reactions
Paper-2:	CO1: Metal Ions in Biological Systems
Bioinorganic Chemistry, Bioorganic	CO2: Bioorganic Chemistry
Chemistry and Biophysical Chemistry	CO3: Co-enzyme Chemistry
	CO4: Bioenergetics
Paper-3:	CO5: Thermodynamics of Biopolymer Solutions CO1: Atmosphere
Environmental Chemistry	CO2: Air Pollution
	CO3: Aquatic Chemistry and Water Pollution
	CO4: Environmental Toxicology
Paper 4:	CO1: Organometallic Reagents
Organic Synthesis-I	CO2: Oxidation Introduction
	CO3: Reduction Introduction
	CO4: Rearrangements
	CO5: Metallocenes, Nonbenzenoid Aromatics and
Paper 5:	CO1: Disconnection Approach
Organic Synthesis-II	CO2: Protecting Groups
	CO3: Two Group C-C Disconnections
	CO4: Two Group C-C Disconnections Use of 1,2- 1,4- and 1,6-difunctionalised compounds in ring synthesis.

Paper 6:	CO1: Nomenclature of Heterocycles
Heterocyclic Chemistry	CO2: Non-aromatic Heterocycles
	CO3: Small Ring Heterocycles
	CO4: Meso-ionic Heterocycles
	CO5: Six Membered Heterocycles with Two or More
	Heteroatoms
Paper 7:	CO1: Terpenoids and Carotenoids
Course Outcome of	CO2: Alkaloids
M.Sc.(F) Annual Scheme: -	CO3: Steroids
After completion of the course, the students will have an understanding of-	CO4: Plant Pigments
	CO5: Prostaglandins

#### B.Sc. Pt III Mathematics

After completion of this course, the student will have an understanding of the following:

Course	Outcomes
Paper-1: Algebra	CO1: Definition and sim properties of Groups Subgroups. Permutation group, Cyclic group, Cosets, Lagrange's theorem on the order of subgroups of a finite order group CO2: Morphism of groups, Cayley's theorem. Normal subgroups and Quotient groups. Fundamental theorems of Isomorphism
	<ul> <li>CO3: : Definition and simple properties of Rings and Subrings.</li> <li>Morphism of rings. Embedding of a ring, Integral domain and field. Characteristics of a Ring and Field.</li> <li>CO4: Ideals and Quotient Ring. Maximal ideal and Prime ideal.</li> <li>Principal Ideal domain. Field of quotients of an integral domain.</li> <li>Prime fields. Definition, Examples and Simple properties of Vector spaces and Subspaces.</li> </ul>
Demon 2: Complex Anolysis	CO5: Linear combination, Linear dependence and Linear independence of vectors. Basis and Dimension. Generation of subspaces. Sum of subspaces. Direct sum and Complement of CO1: Complex plane. Connected and Compact sets Curves and
Paper-2: Complex Analysis	Regions in comple plane. Jordan curve Theorem (statement only). Extended complex plane. Stereograph projection. Complex valued function - Limits, Continuity and Differentiability. Analyt functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations (Cartesian and polar form). Harmonic function Construction of an analytic function CO2: Complex integration Complex line integrals, Cauchy integral theorem, Indefini integral, Fundamental theorem of integral calculus for complex functions. Cauchy integr formula, Analyticity of the derivative of an analytic function, Morera's theorem, Poisso integral formula, Liouville' theorem.
	CO3: Taylor's theorem. Laurent's theorem Maximum modulus theorem. Power series Absolute convergence, Abel's theorem, Cauchy-Hadamard theorem, Circ and Radius of convergence, Analyticity of the sum function of a power series.
	CO4: Singularities of an analytic function, Branch point Meromorphic and Enti functions, Riemann's theorem, Casorati- Weierstrass theorem. Residue at a singularity, Cauchy's residue theorem Argument principle Rouche's theorem Fundamental

Paper-3: Mechanics	CO1: Velocity and acceleration - along radial and transverse directions along tangent and normal directions. S.H.M., Hooke's
	law, motion along horizontal and vertical strings.
	CO2: Motion in resisting medium Resistance varies as velocity
	and square of work Work and Energy. Motion on a smooth curve
	in a vertical plane. Motion on the inside and outside of a smooth
	vertical circle. Projectile.
	CO3: Central orbits-p-r equations, Apses, Time in an orbit, Kaplar's law of planetica. Moment of inartic. ML of rada
	Kepler's law of pl motion. Moment of inertia - M.I. of rods,
	Circular rings, Circular disks, Solid and spheres, Rectangular
	lamina, Ellipse and Triangle. Theorem of parallel axis. Prom
	inertia.
	CO4: Equilibrium of coplanar force, moments and friction.
	CO5: Virtual work and Catenary

# Course Outcomes of Physics: -

# Paper-1 Quantum Mechanics and Spectroscopy

	1 17
Unit-1	<ul> <li>After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of -</li> <li>1.Difficulties of classical mechanics to explain: the black-body emission spectrum, specific heat of solids. Plank quanta concept and radiation law, Photo electric effect and Einstein's explanations. Compton effect, De-Broglie hypothesis, diffraction and interference experiments of particle (Davisson—Germer experiment).</li> <li>2. Uncertainty principle: position and momentum, angle and angular momentum ,energy and time. Application of uncertainty principle: (i) Ground State energy of hydrogen atom, (ii)ground qtate energy of simple harmonic oscillator, (iii) Natural width of spectrallines, (iv)Non-existence of electron in nucleus.</li> <li>3. Operators: linear operators, product of two operators, commuting and non—commuting operators, simultaneous eigen functions and eigen values, orthogonal wave functions. Hermitian operators, their eigen values, Hermitian adjoint operators.</li> <li>eigen values and eigen functions; expectation values of operators iposition, momentum ,energy; Ehrenfest theorem and complementarity, Concept of group and phase velocity ,wave packet, Gaussian wave</li> </ul>
	packet bracket notation
Unit-2	<ul> <li>After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of -</li> <li>1. Schrödinger wave equation: general equation of wave propagation, propagation of matter waves, time dependent and time-independent Schrödinger equation, wave function representation (Ψ),physical meaning of Ψ, properties and conditions on Ψ, postulates of wave mechanics ,operators, observable and measurements; probability current density.</li> <li>2. Time independent Schrödinger equation, stationary state solution ,one dimensional problem: particle in one dimensional box, eigen functions and eigen values ,discrete energy levels, generalization into three dimension and degeneracy of energy levels ,concept of a potential well and barrier, step potential, penetration through rectangular barrier, reflection and transmission coefficients, barriers with special shapes (graphical representation) ,quantum mechanical tunneling (alpha decay).</li> </ul>
Unit-3	After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of - 1.Symmetrics quare well potential, reflection and transmission coefficients, resonant scattering ; Bound state problems :particle in one dimensional infinite potential well and finite depth potential well, energy eigen values and eigen functions , transcendental equation and its solution; Simple harmonic

	oscillator, Schrödinger equation for simple harmonic oscillator and its solution, eigen function ,eigen values ,zero point energy, quantum and classical probability density, parity, symmetric and antisymmetric wave functions with graphical representation. 2.Schrödinger equation in spherical coordinates, Schrödinger equation for one electron atom in spherical coordinates, separate ion into radial and angular variables, solution of radial equation and angular equation, qualitative discussion of spherical harmonics, series solution and energy eigen values ,stationary state wave function. Wave-functions of H-atom for ground and first excited states, average radius of H-atom, Bohr correspondence principle, orbital angular momentum and its quantization ,commutation relation ,eigen values and eigenfunctions,
Unit-4	<ul> <li>After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of -</li> <li>1.Energy level derivation for H-atom, quantum features of hydrogen spectra and hydrogen like spectra, Stern-Gerlach experiment, electrons in ,spin magnetic</li> <li>moment. Spin-orbit coupling, qualitative explanation of fine structure,Franck—Hertz experiment, Zeeman effect, normal Zeeman splitting, Qualitative understanding about Stark effect.</li> <li>2. Absorption and emission spectroscopy, its block diagram, brief explanation about function of each elements and it's limitations; single beam spectrophotometer.</li> <li>3. Molecularspectroscopy: concept of rigid rotator, rotational energy levels ,rotational spectra, selection rules, intensity of spectral lines, isotopic effect; Vibrational energy levels, vibrational spectra ,selection rules,isotopic effect, effect of an harmonicity in vibrational spectra, vibrational—rotational spectra of CO and HCl molecules.</li> </ul>

# Paper-2 Nuclear and Particle Physics

Unit	After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of -
-1	Discovery of Nucleus, Rutther ford Scattering, Constituents of the
	Nucleus; Mass ,Charge, Size, Nuclear Density, Charge Distribution, Hofstadter's experiment,
	Nuclear Angular momentum, Nuclear Magnetic Dipole Moment, Electric Quadrupole Moment, Spin, Isospin ,Wave Mechanical Properties: Parity and Statistics ,Classification of nuclei, Mass Defect and Binding Energy, Packing
	Fraction, Mass Spectrograph.
	NuclearForces: Properties of Nuclear Forces, Yukawa Meson Theory, Nuclear
	Potential.
	Nuclear Models: Segre Chart, Liquid Drop Model, Semi Empirical Mass Formula,
	Condition of Stability, Fermi Gas Model ,Evidence for Nuclear shell structure
	,Nuclear Magic Numbers and Basic Assumptions of the Shell Model.

Unit	After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of -
-2	<ul> <li>Radioactive Decays: Alpha Decay- Basics of a- Decay Processes, Theory of β- Emission Spectrum ,Gammow Factor, Geiger Nuttal Law, Range of Alpha Particles,</li> <li>Beta Decay- Energy Kinematics for β-Decay ,β-Decay Spectrum, Positron Emission,</li> </ul>
	Electron Capture, Pauli's Neutrino Hypothesis.
	<ul> <li>Gamma Decay- Gamma Ray Emission and Kinematics, Internal Conversion Applications of Radioactivity</li> <li>Nuclear Fission and Fusion: Nuclear Fission, Spontaneous Fission and Potential Barrier, its Explanation by Liquid Drop Model, Chain reaction, Controlled chain reaction ,Four Factor Formula ,Nuclear Reactors ,Classification of Nuclear Reactor ,Uncontrolled Chain Reaction, Nuclear Fusion ,Energy released in Nuclear Fusion, Fusion in stars.</li> <li>Nuclear Reactions: Types of Reactions, Conservation Laws, Kinematics of Reactions , Q -Value, Threshold Energy ,Reaction Rate, Reaction Cross- Section.</li> </ul>
Unit	
-3	After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of - Interaction of Nuclear Radiation with Matter: Energy Loss by Heavy Charged Particles in matter, Interaction of Electrons with Matter, Range of Charged Particle, Bremsstrahlung, Cherenkov Radiation ,Gamma Ray Interaction With Matter. Radiation Detectors: Gas filled detector, Avalanche, Geiger Discharge, Ionization Chamber ,Proportional Counter, Geiger Muller Counter ,Current mode and Pulse Mode Operation of Detector. Particle Accelerators :Ion source, Van-de-Graff Accelerator (Tandem Accelerator), Linear Accelerator ,Cyclotron, Synchrocyclotron, Betatron, Proton Synchrotron
Unit- 4	After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of - Elementary Particles :Necessity of high energy to discover elementary
	<ul> <li>constituents, historical introduction to discovery of elementary particles</li> <li>(electron po<u>sitron</u>, neutrinos, strange mesons ,charm quark, intermediate vector</li> <li>bosons ,bottom quark, top quark and Higgs boson) Elementary particles and their</li> <li>quantum numbers (charge ,spin, parity, isospin,stangeness etc.),elementary</li> <li>particles included in the standard model.</li> <li>Fundamental Interactions Four types of fundamental forces. Symmetries and</li> <li>Conservation Laws, Diescrete symmetries C , P, and T in variance.</li> <li>Application of symmetry arguments to particle reactions. Parity non-</li> <li>conservation in weak interaction, CP violation. Quark Model: Flavor</li> <li>symmetries, Gellmann- Nishijima formula, the eight foldway, Quark</li> </ul>

	model,Octet Diagram for Mesons and Baryons, Concept of Quark model ,the November
	Revolution, Baryon Decuplet, Color Quantum Number and
	Gluons.
Daman	2 Calid State Dhaveige
Paper-	•
Unit-	After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of -
1	Bonding in Solids and Crystal structure:
	Force between atoms, Ionic bonds ,Covalent and metallic bonds,Vanderwaal's and Hydrogen bonding. Periodicity in lattices, Basis, lattice point and space lattice, Translationvectors, Unit and primitive cell, Crystal systems, Packing fractions for Simple Cubic (SC) ,Body Centred Cubic (BCC), Face Centred Cubic (FCC) and Hexagonal lattice structures, Bravais space lattices.
	Crystallography and Diffraction:
	Direction, plane sand miller in dices in a crystal lattice, Reciprocal lattice and its significance ,Conversion of S C and FCC structures in reciprocal lattice frame,Concept of crystalline, poly crystalline and amorphous materials, X-ray diffraction by solids :Laue and Braggs equation, Study of crystals by X-rays: FWHM, Sherrer formula and Lattice Constants (for simple cubic structure), Electron and Neutron diffraction (qualitative).
Unit- 2	After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of -
	Formation of bands, Periodic potential and Bloch Theorem, Number of states in the bands ,Kroning Penny model, Brilliuon zones, Crystal momentum and physical origin of effective mass, Negative Effective Mass and Holes, Energy dispersion relations: weak and tight binding.
	Semiconductors:
	Energy band Structures inInsulators ,Conductors, Semiconductors, Concept of Direct and Indirect band gap in semiconductors, Generation and recombination ofcharge carriers ,Mobility of current carriers ,Hall Effect in semiconductors: Hall coefficient, Mobility ,Charge carrier concentration, Conductivity and Hall angle.
Unit-	After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of -
3	
	Thermal properties of Materials: Elastic waves, Phonon,Phonon dispersion relations in mono atomic and diatomic linear lattice. Lattice heat capacity, Classical theory of specific heat, Dulong Patit's law, Einstein and Debus's theory of specific heat of solids and

Dulong-Petit's law ,Einstein and Debye's theory of specific heat of solids and

limitations of these models, concept of Thermoelectric Power.

	Electrical Aroperties of Materials:
	Drude-Lorentz theory, Sommerfeld's Model, Thermal conductivity,
	Electrical conductivity, Vemann- Franzrelation, Thermionic Emission
	,Escape of electrons from metals,Hall effect in Metals ,Density of states
Unit-	After completion of the course the students will have an understanding of -
4	
	Classification of Magnetic Materials .Origin of Atomic Magnetism, Classical Langevin Theory of dia— and Para magnetic Domains. Quantum theory of Para magnetism. Curie's law, Weiss'sTheory of Ferro magnetism .Concept of Domain Wall, Magneto striction, Heisenberg's Exchange Interaction, Relation between Exchange Integral and Weiss Constant.
	Superconductivity:
	Experimental features of superconductivity: Critical Temperature, Critical magnetic field. Meissner effect.Type I and type Il Superconductors, London's Equation and Penetration Depth. Isotope effect. Idea of BCS theory (No derivation Cooper Pair and Coherence length Josephson Effect (No derivation).

## BSc. ZOOLOGY Final year (Annual Scheme)

After completion of this course, the student will have an understanding of the following:

Course	Outcomes
Paper-1: STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS OF CHORDATE TYPES	CO1: Comparison of habit. external features and anatomy of Herdmania, Branchiostoma (excluding development)., Ascidian tadpole larva and its metamorphosis, Affinities of Hemichordata, Urochordata and Cephalochordate, Petromyzon, Ammoecoete larva.
	<ul><li>CO2: Structure and development of placoid scales, feathers and hair.</li><li>CO3: Comparative anatomy of vertebrates including various systems</li></ul>
	CO4: Chordate Adaptations including, Flight adaptations, in birds and bird migration and Adaptive radiation in Mammals.
	CO5: Scales and fins, migration and parental care in Pisces, Parental care. in Amphibia, Poisonous and non- poisonous snakes, poison apparatus.

Paper-2:	CO1: Basic concepts in ecology, Its meaning and history.
ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY	CO2: Ecosystem: Production, consumption and decomposition in an ecosystem: Concepts of food-chain. food web, trophic structure, ecological pyramids
	CO3: Population ecology, Community ecology, Habitat Ecology
	CO4: Environmental Biology, Natural resources
	CO5: Environmental pollution
	CO6: Wildlife conservation, Impact of urbanization
	CO7: Space ecology: Space ecosystem, space problems and their solutions, colonization.
Paper-3: APPLIED ZOOLOGY, ETHOLOGY AND BIOSTATISTICS	CO1: Principles and Practices of the following: Vermiculture. Sericulture, Apiculture, Prawn culture, Poultry keeping, Pisciculture.
	CO2: Economic Importance of the following: Protozoa, Corals and coral reefs, Helminthes, Arthropods; Insects and their management, Mollusca: Outline idea of pearl culture.
	CO3: Concepts of Ethology, Methods of studying brain behavior: Neuroanatomical, neurophysiological and neurochemical techniques.
	CO4: Pheromones and their role in alarm spreading, biological rhythms and biological clocks.
	CO5: Introduction, scope and application of Biostatistics.
	CO6: Frequency distribution, Graphical and tabular presentation of data, Mean. median, mode and their significance, Standard deviation, standard error and their significance, Hypothesis: Null and alternative: Student's t- test.

## Course Outcomes M. A. (History) Annual Scheme

On completing the study, the student will have a clear understanding of the following:

1 0		<u> </u>
Paper I		CO1: A survey of the sources for ancient Indian history
ANCIENT	INDIAN	from c. 2 B.C. to 750 A.D. Political and Cultural history
HISTORY		of the Sungas, King Kharavela of Kalinga and his
(200 BC. TO 750 A.D	).)	achievements. Origin and early history of the
		Satavahanas upto Satkarni, Rise of the Kushanas:
		Kanishka- date, political and cultural achievements,
		Early history of the Sakas in India Western Kshatrapas-

Paper II (i) Social and Economic Life in Ancient India	<ul> <li>Nahapana and Rudradaman 1 and thei achievements. Economic condition of India from 200 B.C. to 300 AD with special reference to Trade and Commerce. A study of the social religious life and developments in art and architecture, literature and education during the period c. 200 B.C 300 A.D.</li> <li>CO2: Rise of the Imperial Guptas - Origin and early history. Expansion and consolidation of Gupta empire under Samudragupta and Chandragupta IL Nature of Gupta state and administrative organisation. Hunà invasion and its impact. Decline of the Gupta empire. Survey of social and religious life during the Gupta age Economic conditions of the Gupta period - Land grants, agriculture, crafts, coinage and currency. Developments in art and architecture, literature and sciences during the Gupta age.</li> <li>CO3: Harshavardhana - his conquests, administration and cultural achievements. Emergence of Feudalism. Accounts of Fahien and Yuan-Chwang. Political and cultural achievements of Pallavas and Chalukyas upto 750 A.D.</li> <li>CO1: Concept of Dharma as the basis of Indian Society. Concept, origin and a historical-cultural study of Varna and Jati. Ashramas, Purusharthas and Sanskaras - Objective, types and significance: concept and</li> </ul>
Paper III(i)	<ul> <li>prevalence of asceticism in ancient India. Institution of family and Marriage.</li> <li>CO2: A survey of the position of Women in ancient India. Education-a survey of the evolution of Vedic, Buddhist and Jaina systems of education. Ancient Indian economic thought: meaning and significance of Varta. Economic systems and institutions: Land ownership; Land revenue and other forms of taxation; Feudalism -a brief survey of the debate over Feudalism in India; Economic guilds; Credit and Banking, slavery and labour.</li> <li>CO3: Stages in ancient Indian economy: Chalcolithic village economy, Harappan economy. Vedic agriculture. Urban and Industrial economy during the age of Mahajanapadas. Mauryan Imperial Economy. Trade commerce during the period c. 200 B.C. to 300 A.D. Economic progresss in the Gupta period. South Indian temple economy</li> </ul>
Paper III(1) Ancient Indian Art and Architecture	CO1: Characteristics of Indian Art Prehistoric Rock Art. Indus Saraswati civilization: town planning and architecture, sculptures and seals. Mauryan Art: Pillars and Folk Art (Yaksha sculptures). A study of art and architecture of Stupas at Bharhut, Sanchi and Amaravati. Mathura School of Art. Gandhara School of Art. CO2: Buddha image. Gupta art - a study of sculptures, Ajanta paintings.

	CO3: Origin, evolution and many styles of Hindu Temples-development of temples in post-Gupta period.
	Northern India- Temples of Orissa, Khajuraho and Abu. South India- Rock cut temples of Mahabalipuram,
	Kailash temple of Ellora and Chola temples
Paper-IV: (v) INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT AND THOUGHT	<ul> <li>CO1: Approaches to Indian Nationalism - Conceptual debates Emergence of organized nationalism. Political Associations and the Indian National Congress.</li> <li>Contribution of Moderates and Extremists to the National Movement. Swadeshi Movement. Home Rule Movement Constitutional Developments upto 1919. Role of Terrorists and Revolutionaries with Special Reference to Chandra Shekhar and Bhagat Singh.</li> <li>CO2: Rise of Gandhi. Gandhi's career, ideology and methods of mass mobilisation. Nature of Gandhian Movements Non-Cooperation movement, Civil Disobedience Movement and Quit India Movement The Left Movements.</li> <li>CO3: Growth of Separatism - Aligarh Movement, Muslim League Hindu Mahasabha. Subhash Chandra Bose and the Indian National Army. Peasants and Workers' Movements. Depressed Classes Movements.</li> </ul>
	1935. Communal Politics and Partition. Transfer of
	Power and Indian Independence (15 August, 1947).
Paper V	CO1: Geographical Features of Rajasthan and their
Main Trends in the History	Impact on it History and Culture. Advent of man of
and Culture of Rajasthan	prehistoric cultures in Rajasthan. Hub of Chalcolithic and Copper age cultures in Rajasthan (Alwar, Balathal, Ganeshwar) Rock Art in Rajasthan. A brief survey of historic Rajasthan from B.C. 600-700 A.DMatsya Janapada, Republican Tribes, Origin of the Rajputs. Guhilas of Medapata. Political and Cultural
	Achievements of Gurjar-Pratiharas and Chakamanas. CO2: Rajput Resistance to Mughal invasions. Political and Cultural Achievements of Maharana Kumbha and Sanga. Estimate of Maharana Pratap. Contribution of Maldeo of Marwar. Role of Chandrasen. Emergence of Amber Principality as a Major State in Rajasthan: Mirja Raja Jai Singh, Sawai Jai Singh. Religious Movements: Mirabai, Dadu Panthis, Folk deities. Art and Architecture: Forts, Temples, Sculptures, Rajput Schools
	of Painting. CO3: Maratha influence in Rajasthan. Acceptance of British Dominance and its Consequences. Administrative and Judicial Changes after 1818. Social Changes - Prohibition of Female Infanticide and Sati Economic Changes, Land Revenue Settlements. British Monopoly of salt and Opium Trade Echoes of 1857 outbreak in Rajasthan. Agrarian unrest and Movements. Tribal

Movements. Formation of Raj Mandals, influence of
Nationalism and Freedom Struggle in Rajasthan.
Economic developments in post-independence
Rajasthan. Cultural Profile of Rajasthan - Rajasthani
Language, Dance and Literature; Folk Arts and
Handicrafts, Fairs, Festivals, Custom Dresses and
Ornaments, Developments in Music, Dance and Theatre.

#### Political science (VII) - Research Methodology

Section-A

Need and Nature of Research in Political Science. Forms of Research: Normative, Empirical and Behavioural, Policy Analysis, Inter-disciplinary Research, The Scientific Method, Various forms of Studies Panel, Case, & Area.

Section-B

Formulation of Research Problem, Research Designs, Experimental Research Designs, Concepts and Hypothesis, Selection of Universe: Source of data: Primary and Secondary, Sampling, Techniques of data-collection, Observation, Questionnaire & Schedule,

Section-C

Concept of Property and Space, Coding and Tabulation, Data Analysis, Report Writing,

Theory Building in Political Science.

# हिन्दी विभाग स्नातक एवं स्नातकोत्तर पाठ्यक्रम

#### **Programme Outcomes**

व निर्धारित पाठ्यक्रम के अतिरिक्त भाषा एवं व्याकरण का अध्ययन—अध्यापन उनके व्याकरण के ज्ञान में वृद्धि करता है, जिससे वे भाषा के शुद्ध स्वरूप को जानने—समझने में सक्षम होते है।

व भाषा का ज्ञान बढने से उनका आत्मविष्वास बढता है, जिसका प्रभाव उनकी अन्य गतिविधियों में भी दिखायी देता है। साहित्य के अध्ययन से उनका संवेदनात्मक एवं कलात्मक पक्ष मजबूत होता है।

व आधुनिक साहित्य की जानकारी छात्र–छात्राओं को देना जिससे वे साहित्य की नवीनतम गतिविधियों से जुडे रह सके।

व इसमें छात्र—छात्राओं को विषय हिन्दी साहित्य के आदिकाल, भक्ति काल, रीतिकाल और आधुनिक काल के साहित्य का अध्ययन कराया जाता है। इसमें गद्य और पद्य दोनों का विषद विवेचन कराया जाता है। व इस अध्ययन से छात्र—छात्राओं को विषय का विस्तृत ज्ञान कराया जाता है, जिससे उनकी विषय के प्रति रूचि जागृत होती है। और उनकी विष्लेषणात्मक क्षमता विकसित होती है।

व साहित्य के अध्ययन से सामाजीकरण की प्रक्रिया में मदद मिलती है।

व एक कुषल एवं उत्तरदायी नागरिक बनने में साहित्य की भूमिका बहुत महत्वपूर्ण होती है, क्योकि साहित्य में भले—बुरे, नैतिक—अनैतिक सभी पक्षों पर चर्चा होती है।

व अपने परिवेष और पर्यावरण के प्रति जागरूकता उत्पन्न की जाती है।

व इस प्रकार साहित्य के माध्यम से हम जीवन से जुडे पहलू पर ध्यान देते है और छात्र—छात्राओं को उसके प्रति जागरूक बनाते है।

व स्नातक तथा स्नातकोत्तर पाठ्यक्रम में हिन्दी साहित्य की एक विषय के रूप में उपादेयता मानवीय व सामाजिक रूप से तो महत्वपूर्ण है ही साथ ही आजीविका का एक उत्कृष्ट माध्यम भी है।

o lkfgR; v/;;u ls fo|kfFkZ;ksa dks ekufld LokLF; dh izkfIr gksrh gSA lkfgR; ds ek/;e ls bfrgkl dk Kku laosnukvksa ds lkFk izkIr gksrk gS gSA orZeku ds fy, izsj.kk vkSj uohu ÅtkZ dk lapkj gksrk gS rFkk dbZ jpukvksa ds ek/;e ls rks Hkfo"; dh iwoZ psrkouh o lEHkkouk,W Hkh fofnr gksrh gSA

o i| lkfgR; ds lLoj xk;u ls Nk=&Nk=kvksa esa HkkoukRed vuqHkwfr ls ldkjkRed n`f"Vdks.k lgtrk ls fufeZr gksrk gS vkSj fo|kfFkZ;ksa esa euksoSKkfud :i ls laosxkRed larqyu dh {kerk dk fodkl gksrk gSA

o dbZ mins'kkRed jpukvksa }kjk thou ds dfBu le; esa mfpr fn'kk izkIr djus] fu.kZ; {kerk rFkk Hkk"kkbZ dkS'ky }kjk vfHkO;fDr {kerk dk fodkl] f'k{kkfFkZ;ksa ds O;fDrRo fodkl esa egRoiw.kZ Hkwfedk fuHkkrk gSA tc ;qok ekufld :i ls LoLFk gks rks fuf'pr gh izR;sd {ks= esa Lo ds fy, rFkk ekuo lekt ds fy, mi;ksxh fl) gksrs gSA

There will be five questions in all. The candidate will require to attempt all the questions selecting one question from each unit with an internal choice (either/or).

# M.Com-ABST (Previous) 2015-16

CPI DIRECT TAXES

CP2 ADVANCED COST ACCOUNTING

CP3 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND ADVANCED BUSINESS STATISTICS (One Optional Paper from the list of Optional Papers)

Optional paper

# **OP6 COST & MANAGEMENT AUDIT**

M.qwn -ABST (Final)

CP4 INDIRECI' TAXES CP5 ADVANCED ACCOUNTANCY

# CP6 MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING

(Two Optional Paper from the list of Optional Papers)

OPTIONAL PAPERS

OPT TAX PLANNING

**OP2 COST ANALYSIS ANDCOST CONTROL** 

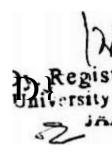
M.Com previous EA FM

There will be five questions in all. Th candidates are required to attempt all the quest will be one question from each unit with an internal choice (either/or).

Compulsory Papers: EAFM-IOI Economic Analysis EAFM-102 Financial Management a. Control

Optional Papers (Any Two) Economic Administration GroupEA.103Public EnterprisesEA-104Industrial Economics

Optional Paper (Any Two) : Financial Management GroupFM-103Business BudgetingFM-104Public Finance



## M.COM. (FINAL) EAFM

Compulsory Pa	apers		
EAFM-201	Economic	Administration	&
	Policy		
EAFM-202	Cooperative	Sector Management	
EAFM-203	Indian Banki	ng System	

Optional Papers (Any Two) : Economic Administration Group

EA-205	Economic Environment in India
EA-206	<b>Development Economics</b>

Optional Papers (Any Two) : Financial Management Group		
FM-204	International Banking	
FM-205	Bank Management	