

Building Technology.

II<sup>nd</sup> mid TERM.

Q. No. 1 Write down the different types of Building.

Ans. Building are classified as different types.

(i) GROUP-A → Residential Building.

Residential building are classified in Five sub groups.

A-1 :- Lodging & Rooming house.

A-2 :- one or two family private dwelling.

A-3 :- Dormitories.

A-4 :- Apartment house.

A-5 :- Hotels.

(ii) Group-B :- educational building.

(iii) Group-C :- Institutional building.

(iv) Group-D :- Assembly Building.

(v) Group-E :- Business Building.

(vi) Group-F :- Mercantile Buildings.

(vii) Group-G :- Industrial building.

(viii) Group-H :- Storage Building.

(ix) Group-I :- Hazardous Building.

Q. No. 2 Write the brief description of any four type window & any two types door.

window :-

Ans. (i) Casement window :- These are the windows, the shutters of which open & close like a door & the construction of casement window is similar to the door construction.

(ii) Dormer window :- These are the window provided on the sloping roofs & the main purpose to providing dormer window is to admit light and air to room within or below the roof truss.

Clerestory window :- This type window are provided near top of main roof the ~~clerestor~~ clerestory window provided ventilation to the inside of the room as the front in verandha.

(iv) Gable window :- These are the window provided at gable ends.

5/1  
Ricky  
9/10/18

## Doors :-

- (i) collapsible door :- collapsible door are ~~constuct~~ consist of steel & collapsible door are very useful for compound residential building, school, shed, godown, workshop, public building, etc.
- (ii) sliding door :- in a sliding door shuttle slide on the side with the help of runner and guide rail. A sliding door does not cause any obstruction during moment's movement and it is used for entrance of godown, shed, shop, showroom etc.

Q No. 3 write short notes on any three.

- (i) shoring (ii) underpinning (iii) scaffolding (iv) putlogs.

Ans. (i) shoring :- some time the structure are to be temporary supported. This arrangement is known shoring. & shoring are classified three types.

- (i) Raking & inclined shoring.
- (ii) Flying & horizontal shoring.
- (iii) Dead & vertical shoring.

(ii) underpinning :- The placing of new foundation below an existing foundation or the process of strengthening the existing foundation is known as the underpinning. following method are use in underpinning.

- (i) PFT method.
- (ii) Pipe method.

(iii) scaffolding :- when the height of structure above floor level exceed more than 1.5 mtr. then a temporary structure is made to a safe working platform for the workers. and to provided a limited spaces for the storage of plant & building materials. The temporary framework is known as a scaffolding.

COMPONENT of scaffolding :-

- (i) standards (ii) ledgers (iii) putlogs. (iv) transoms.

- ~~RIGHT  
9/10/18~~
- (v) Braces (vi) Bridle (vii) Guard rails (viii) top boards.
  - (ix) Rakers