## Engineering Praceing <br> Subject Code :- 107

## Question paper 1

Q. 1 Write down about Center line and hatching line.

केंद्र रेखा और काट रेखा के बारे में लिखो.
Ans. Center line:- Center Lines are draWn at the center of the drawings symmetrical about an axis or both the axis.
$\qquad$ ----- $\qquad$ 1
hatching line:- Hatching Lines are drawn for the sectioned portion of an object. These are drawn inclined at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to the axis or to the main outline of the section.
Q. 2 Write types of Scales. Explain Representative Fraction (R.F)

पैमाने के प्रकार लिखो तथा निरूपक भिन्न को समझाओ.

## Ans. Types of Scales:-

1. Plain scales.
2. Diagonal Scales.
3. Vernier Scales.

The ratio of the dimension of the object shown on the drawing to its actual size is called the Representative Fraction (RF)

## RF $=\frac{\text { Drawing size of an object }}{\text { Its actual size }}$ (in same units)

Q. 3 Write down method of indicating dimensioning.

विमाकन के तरीके के प्रकार लिखो

Ans. 1.Aligned method

2. Uni-directional method


Q4 To inscribe a Square in a Circle of radius 50 mm .
50 mm त्रिज्या के वृत के अन्दर वर्ग

$3 n v$

## Question paper 2

Q. 1 Write difference between first angle projection and third angle projection.

प्रथम कोण प्रक्षेप तथा त्रितीय कोण प्रक्षेप में अन्तर लिखो .

Ans.

| first angle projection | Third angle projection |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. The object lies in between the observer and the <br> plane of projection. | 1. The plane of projection lies in between the <br> observer and the object |
| 2. The front view is drawn above the $x y$ line and the <br> top view below xy. | 2. The front view is drawn below the xy line and the <br> top view above $x y$. |
| 3.it is lies in first quardent | 3.it is lies in Third quardent |
| 4.object is above h.p and infront of v.p. | 4.object is below h.p and behind v.p. |

## Q. 2 Explain Break Line .

## अवरोध रेखा को समझाओ.

Ans. Break line

1. Continuous Narrow Freehand Lines: - Wavy continuous narrow line drawn freehand is used to represent break of an object.
2. Continuous Narrow Lines With Zigzags:- Straight continuous ~arrow line with zigzags is used to represent break of an object.
Q.3write down arrangement of dimensioning.

## विमाकन के तंरीके के बारे में लिखो.

Ans. Arrangement of dimensioning

1. Chain dimensioning

2. Combined dimensioning.

Q. 4 To bisect an angle of $60^{\circ}$.
$60^{\circ}$ के कोण का अर्धक कीजिये

